

Why did we use this location?	Rural :	Urban:
What is your hypothesis?		
How is evidence collected? <i>Primary, secondary data, quantitative or qualitative.</i>		
How can evidence be processed and presented?		
How can evidence be analysed and how do patterns and trends evidenced by fieldwork relate to wider geographical knowledge and understanding? <i>Identify, analyse and interpret trends and patterns</i>		
What conclusions may be drawn from fieldwork enquiries?		
What evaluative techniques should be applied to the enquiry process? <i>Identify the limitations of geographical evidence: accuracy, reliability and bias.</i>		

Teachers notes

How is evidence collected?

Design fieldwork data collection sheets.

Select specific locations at which data can be collected.

Establish control groups.

Justify sample size and sampling technique,

coverage to include sampling using random, systematic, opportunistic and/or stratified techniques.

Use fieldwork equipment to obtain accurate and reliable results (for example the use of clinometer or quadrats).

Collect data using quantitative and qualitative techniques.

Quantitative techniques

Qualitative techniques should include use of questionnaires, bi-polar techniques and annotation of photos/sketches.

Use secondary sources