

Q6 –Argue, Inform, Explain – writing about your own point of view

5 minutes planning 40 minutes writing 2-3 sides
24 marks content & organisation 16 marks accuracy

Start with a powerful statement or a fact

You need to present your reader with clear arguments. You can say there is a different view, but need to prove it wrong.

TIPS:

You **MUST** use devices **throughout** your response:

- Alliteration and anecdotes: silly, Sammy snake / Last week I met a man who...
- Facts: London is the capital of the UK
- Opinions: School uniform is disgusting and too expensive
- Rhetorical questions / repetition: How would you feel / Education, education, education
- Emotive language: The poor, cold kitten was left to die.
- Similes and stats: He roared like a lion / 95 % of people agree
- Triples: The class were clever, hardworking and quiet.

CONNECTIVES to develop ideas:

Firstly	Secondly
In addition / Additionally	Furthermore
Moreover	<i>In contrast</i>
<i>On the other hand</i>	<i>Alternatively</i>
<i>Finally</i>	<i>In conclusion</i>

- **Give newspaper articles a heading**
- **Set out letters the correct way**

Spelling, punctuation and grammar: 16 marks

Don't forget paragraphs.

No paragraphs = limited to grade 1.

Sentence types:

- Simple/short
- Compound (and/but/or)
- Complex
- Adverb starts (ly words)
- One word sentences for effect
- Repetition of sentences and within sentences for effect

Punctuation:

It must be accurate

It must be varied

- **CAPITAL** letters – names/places
- **Commas** – after connectives (Firstly) and between items in lists
- **Apostrophes** – John's – belonging to John
- **Colons (:)** – introduce lists or reasons
- **Semi colons (;)** – link two similar sentences or separate phrases
- **Exclamations (!):** Emphasis
- **Dashes (-):** creates a pause and add additional information
- **Question marks (?)** Even on rhetorical questions
- **Ellipsis (...)** creates a pause or a cliffhanger

Spellings:

- There – a place (here & there)
- Their – belonging to them (It is their cat)
- They're – short form of they are (They're coming to my party)
- Your – belonging to you (That is your dog)
- You're – short form of you are (You're late again)

Take **risks** with **vocabulary** – use **impressive** and **ambitious** word choices even if you aren't sure of the spellings!